



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

KEY WEST QUARANTINE.

Week ended March 14, 1896.

One vessel inspected and passed.

PORT TOWNSEND QUARANTINE.

Week ended March 7, 1896.

Four vessels inspected and passed.

Week ended March 14, 1896.

Five vessels inspected and passed.

REEDY ISLAND QUARANTINE.

Week ended March 21, 1896.

Eighteen vessels inspected and passed.

SAN DIEGO QUARANTINE.

Week ended March 14, 1896.

Three vessels inspected and passed.

SOUTH ATLANTIC QUARANTINE.

Week ended March 14, 1896.

Name of vessel.	Date of arrival.	Where from.	Destina-tion.	Treatment of vessel and cargo.	Date of dep'ture.
Brit. bk. Mistletoe *	Mar. 6	Santos.....	Savannah ...	Disinfected and held for observa-tion.

* Previously reported.

One vessel inspected and passed.

SOUTHPORT QUARANTINE.

Week ended March 21, 1896.

Two vessels inspected and passed.

Reports of States and yearly and monthly reports of cities.

CALIFORNIA.—Reports to the State board of health from 49 cities and towns having an aggregate population of 722,470, show that during the month of February, 1896, there were 910 deaths, including phthisis pulmonalis, 194; diphtheria, 9; measles, 1; enteric fever, 14, and whooping cough, 1.

INDIANA—Evansville.—Month of February, 1896. Estimated population, 60,000. Total deaths, 70, including diphtheria, 2; phthisis pulmonalis, 18, and enteric fever, 1.

IOWA—Des Moines.—Month of February, 1896. Estimated population, 82,600. Total deaths, 76, including phthisis pulmonalis, 3; diphtheria, 6, and enteric fever, 1.

MASSACHUSETTS—Lowell.—Month of February, 1896. Estimated population, 84,359. Total deaths, 143, including phthisis pulmonalis, 18; enteric fever, 8; diphtheria and croup, 5, and whooping cough, 8.

Worcester.—Month of February, 1896. Estimated population, 102,-

000. Total deaths, 142, including phthisis pulmonalis, 21; enteric fever, 2; diphtheria, 4; scarlet fever, 1, and whooping cough, 2.

MICHIGAN.—Week ended March 14, 1896. Reports to the State board of health, Lansing, Mich., from 51 observers indicate that diarrhea, inflammation of kidney, and pleuritis increased, and erysipelas decreased in area of prevalence. Phthisis pulmonalis was reported present during the week at 235 places, scarlet fever at 38, enteric fever at 17, measles at 28, diphtheria at 21, whooping cough at 14, and smallpox at 6 places—Bay City, Detroit, Ionia, Imlay Township, Marine City, and Saginaw.

MONTANA—*Butte City*.—Month of February, 1896. Estimated population, 40,000. Total deaths, 24, including 1 from diphtheria.

NEBRASKA—*Omaha*.—Month of January, 1896. Population, 140,452. Total deaths, 76, including phthisis pulmonalis, 9; enteric fever, 2, and diphtheria and croup, 7.

Month of February, 1896. Total deaths, 83, including phthisis pulmonalis, 9; scarlet fever, 2; enteric fever, 1, and diphtheria and croup, 5.

NEW JERSEY—*Hudson County*.—Month of February, 1896. Estimated population, 338,671. Total deaths, 629, including measles, 7; scarlet fever, 1; diphtheria, 26; croup, 17; enteric fever, 35; whooping cough, 11, and phthisis pulmonalis, 49.

OHIO—*Columbus*.—Month of February, 1896. Estimated population, 100,000. Total deaths, 104, including phthisis pulmonalis, 19; diphtheria, 1, and whooping cough, 1.

PUBLICATIONS RECEIVED.

Special Report of the Board of Health upon the Cholera Epidemic in Honolulu, Hawaiian Islands, in August and September, 1895.

Recueil des Travaux du Comite Consultatif d' Hygiene Publique de France et des Actes Officials de l'Administration Sanitaire. Vol. XXIV, 1894.

Recueil des Travaux du Comite Consultatif d' Hygiene Publique de France et des Actes Officials de l'Administration Sanitaire. Tables Repertoire des Matieres Contenues dans les. Tomes I-XX, 1872-1890.

Eleventh Biennial Report of the State Board of Health of Maryland for the two years ending December 31, 1895.